

APIv2

APIv2

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API v2 Overview

APIv2 is ProVision's currently supported RESTful API version. APIv2 improvements include:

- HTTP Basic Authentication
- Use of HTTP Methods (GET, PUT, POST, etc.)
- Supports JSON payloads
- Additional endpoints and ProVision functionality

APIv2 Access Options

To test or execute APIv2 queries, you may:

1. Use a browser extension / desktop REST client, such as [Postman](#)
 - a. Postman is the current industry standard: Go to <https://www.getpostman.com/> to install, and visit the [Postman Learning Center](#) for user documentation, training videos, and support help.
2. Access ProVision's APIv2 Swagger documentation from your ProVision instance (*instance/dev/swagger*), which provides the ability to test inputs and responses using your ProVision instance data.
 - a. Continue to the section below: "APIv2 - Using Swagger" for more details, or see the [ProVision Developer Tools](#) page for a broader overview.
3. Use CURL in the command line to authenticate and execute APIv2 endpoints. See cURL documentation at <https://curl.haxx.se/>.
 - a. Continue to the section below: "APIv2 - Using cURL" for more details, examples, and tips.

APIv2 - Using Swagger

Accessing Swagger

Public APIv2 documentation is located at <https://cloud.6connect.com/APIv2/>.

APIv2 documentation includes:

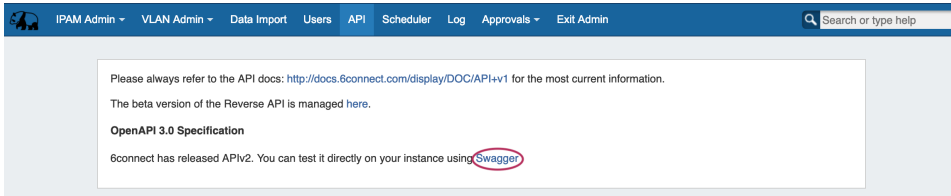
- [IPAM API](#)
Includes actions for LIRs, IP aggregate and block management, VLAN, IP Rules, and SWIP.
- [Resource API](#)
Includes actions for managing the [ProVision Resource System](#).
The resource API provides CRUD endpoints for resources, resource attributes, resource attachments and resource backups.
- [DNS API](#)
ProVision DNS API allows you to manage DNS Zones, Records, Servers, Groups and ACLS.
- [Users API](#)
Includes actions for ProVision Users, permissions and actions.
- [Usergroups API](#)
Includes actions for ProVision Groups, permissions and actions
- [Scheduler API](#)
The API Allows you to easily schedule tasks.

- [API Composer Platform](#)

API Composer Platform (ACP) is an additional module in ProVision to help automate frequently used combinations of calls.

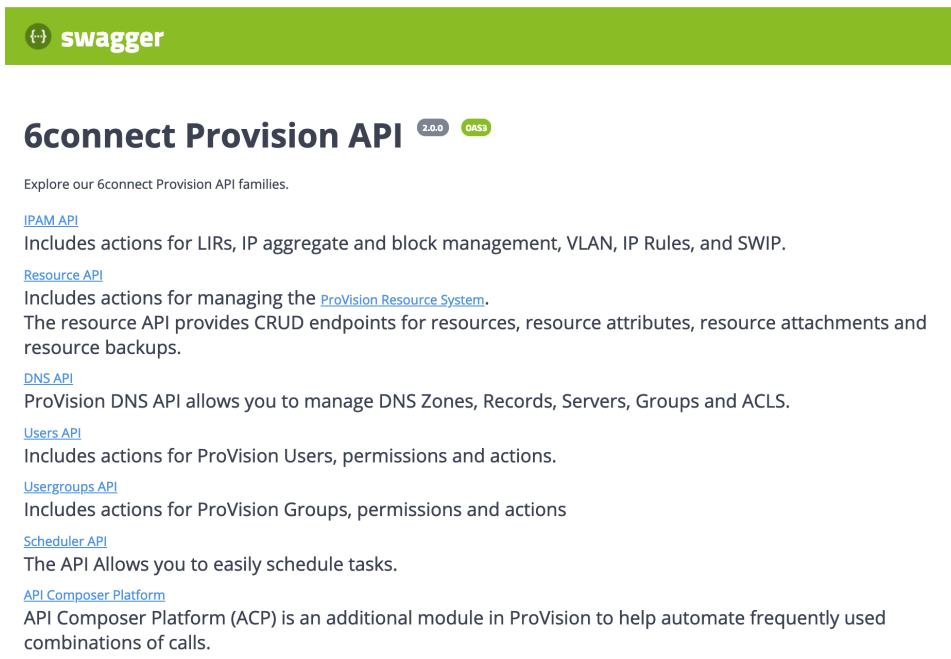
Existing customers may access APIv2 documentation from your ProVision instance (user must have Admin permissions):

1. Log into your ProVision instance.
2. Go to the Admin area of ProVision and click on the [API](#) Tab.
3. Under "OpenAPI 3.0 Specification" click the Swagger link provided.



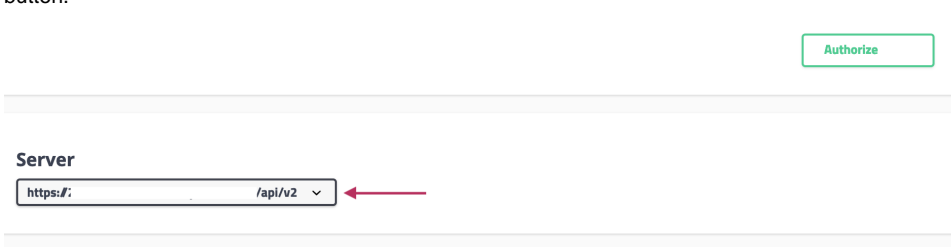
Viewing APIv2 Information

1. On the 6connect Provision API Swagger home page, click on the name link for the API family that you wish to browse (IPAM, Resource, DNS, etc).



2. Once on an API Family page, verify that the displayed server name is correct for your instance/local server.

In most situations, only one ProVision instance/server will be displayed, with authentication already provided from your ProVision login. If your ProVision session has ended, or the server changed, you may need to re-provide ProVision credentials by clicking the "Authorize" button.



3. Scroll further down the page and begin reviewing available APIv2 calls and details. Clicking on any call will expand it to view parameter details - you can even test call responses (using your instance data) by clicking "Try it Out"!

The detail information includes a description, parameter list (required parameters are marked with a *), and response information
default

GET

/ipam/lirs

GET Lirs

POST

/ipam/lirs

Create LIR

GET

/ipam/lirs/{id}

Retrieve LIR

Returns information on a single LIR.

Parameters

Try it out

Name	Description
id * required string (path)	ID of the LIR

Responses

Code	Description	Links
200	successful operation	No links
400	Bad Request	No links
401	Invalid credentials	No links

4. Some calls that involve a JSON request body payload (PUT, PATCH, etc) will display "Example Value" and "Model" information under a "Request Body" section - additional parameter descriptions may be displayed under "Model" Information.

Clicking on "Example Value" will show an example of a JSON request body for that call.

Example Value

Model

```
{
  "name": "TestLIR",
  "rir": "ARIN",
  "asn": 20202,
  "parent_id": 0,
  "entities": [
    {
      "string":
    }
  ],
  "type": "entry",
  "section": "string",
  "custom_id": 0
}
```

Clicking on "Model" will display details and descriptions of the request body parameters, if available.

Example Value

Model

put_lir

name	string example: TestLIR Name of the LIR resource
rir	string example: ARIN The RIR for the LIR. Accepted values are "ARIN", "RIPE", "LACNIC", "AFRINIC", "APNIC", and "1918".
asn	integer(\$int64) example: 20202 The ASN (Autonomous System Number) for the LIR
parent_id	integer(\$int64)
entities	> [...]
type	string example: entry Type of resource - Updating a LIR will always be "entry"
section	string Section of the resource object
custom_id	integer(\$int64)

5. Additional "Model" examples are available at the bottom of the page with additional descriptive information.

At the bottom of the page, click on "Models".

GET

/ipam/vlans/{id}

Retrieve VLAN

GET

/ipam/{size}/sizes

GET IPAM Sizes

Models

Then, click on the "Model" you

wish to view. Some models may contain additional information that you can expand to view, such as valid values for a parameter. In the example below, the circled "array" will display valid RIR values.

The image shows the Swagger UI 'Models' section. A model named 'oneOf_direct_assign_1' is selected. It contains several fields: 'resource_id' (integer), 'generic_code' (integer), 'lir_id' (integer), 'rirs' (string, Regional Internet Registry), 'region_id' (integer), 'tags' (string), and 'tags_mode' (string). The 'rirs' field is circled, and its value is shown as an array: 'Array [6]'. Below this, the text 'The numeric ID of an LIR resource the block should be linked to' is visible.

Testing/Executing Endpoints in Swagger

You may execute endpoints in Swagger by using the "Try it out" button for any call.

1. Navigate to the call that you want to try out.
2. Expand the call to view its details, then click the "Try it out" button.

The image shows the Swagger UI endpoint details for the GET /ipam/lirs/{id} endpoint. The endpoint description is 'Returns information on a single LIR.' The 'Parameters' section shows a required parameter 'id' of type 'string' (path). The 'Try it out' button is circled.

3. Input the desired parameters to test, and click "Execute".

The image shows the Swagger UI endpoint details for the GET /ipam/lirs/{id} endpoint. The 'Parameters' section shows a required parameter 'id' of type 'string' (path). The value '1234' is entered in the input field. The 'Execute' button is circled.

If the call is a method that uses a JSON request body, you will have the option to edit the body text in the "Example Value" box - when done, click "Execute".

The image shows the Swagger UI 'Example Value' box for a JSON request body. The box contains a JSON object with fields: 'name', 'parent_id', 'rirs', 'region_id', 'tags', 'tags_mode', 'type', 'section', and 'custom_id'. The 'Execute' button is circled.

4. The example response will display under "Responses" after being executed. The "Response" section also includes the cURL command, Request URL, and Response Headers.

a. `curl -X PATCH "https://https://your-instance-domain/instance-name/api/v2/config" -H "Content-Type:application/json;charset=utf-8" -u testing@6connect.com:password -d "{\"auto_merge_limits\":\"10\"}"`



Tip!

Swagger displays cURL commands and request URLs in the execution response!

Use the "Try it Now" feature from your instance's Swagger page (Accessed from Admin API Tab APIv2 Swagger Documentation) for the endpoint/attribute changes you wish to make, and view the cURL command for that change. Copy the command text, and use it as a template for your next cURL execution of the command!



For help using Swagger to test endpoints, see "Testing Endpoints in Swagger" in this [APIv2](#) documentation page.

cURL Examples

Example: cURL APIv2 Authentication

This example authenticates a ProVision user, so that you may perform APIv2 commands as that user.

```
curl -X GET "https://2-dev.6connect.com/qa-7.3.0/api/v2/config" -H "accept: */*" -u testing@6connect.com
```

This will ask for a password. To hard-code it with a password, add it to the end like so:

```
curl -X GET "https://2-dev.6connect.com/qa-7.3.0/api/v2/config" -H "accept: */*" -u testing@6connect.com:password
```

APIv2 commands are executed as the user provided, so their permissions must be set appropriately. The Swagger "execute" feature produces CURL strings that can be used to test specific API commands.

Example: cURL APIv2 POST Command

This example illustrates how to provide POST/PATCH data to an APIv2 command via cURL. This command updates the ProVision automerge configuration setting:

```
curl -X PATCH "https://2-dev.6connect.com/qa-7.3.0/api/v2/config" -H "Content-Type:application/json;charset=utf-8" -u testing@6connect.com:password -d "{\"auto_merge_limits\":\"10\"}"
```

Review the general CURL documentation at <https://curl.haxx.se/> can offer greater insight into what other flags can be used.

Additional Information

See the following areas for additional information:

- [ProVision Developer Tools](#)
- Public APIv2 Swagger documentation: <https://cloud.6connect.com/APIv2/>.